



## If Shoe Tongues Could Speak---

surely the most dignified appeal to your inherent good taste would be made by

## INVICTUS SHOES

Because of the character of each component part and process of manufacture.

Because of the better judgment of those who determine Invictus styles and the materials whereof Invictus Shoes are made—

Because of their smartness and perfection of "finish"—Because the "fellows" of unsold Invictus Shoes are giving service and obtaining appreciation in unstinted measure from delighted wearers—

These would be the just claims of the Invictus Shoe for YOUR consideration.

LET INVICTUS SHOES SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES

**J. V. BERSCHT**

Agent for The Best Good Shoe

## STOP! LOOK! LISTEN!

**\$5000.00 WORTH OF SHOES**

just received. We can save you the freight and express from Winnipeg.

Come in and bring your friends. We have shoes for all the family.

## CITY MEAT MARKET

JONES BROS. Proprietors

## UNION BANK OF CANADA

**Are Your Children Learning to Save Money?**

Each maturing son and daughter should have a personal Savings Account in the Union Bank of Canada, with opportunities to save regularly, and training in how to expend money wisely. Such an education in thrift and saving will prove invaluable in later life.

DIDSBURY BRANCH

T. W. Cuncannon, Manager  
Carstairs Branch—W. A. Stewart, Mgr.



## PORK

WE are now ready to buy your CATTLE and HOGS and will guarantee to give you satisfaction in prices and attention. Don't forget that we solicit your business and will give you our best attention whether we buy or not.

## N. WEICKER

Office east of R. R. track, opposite Union Bank.  
Phone 85

## ALL EUROPE AT WAR

England, Russia, Germany, France, Austria-Hungary, Servia, and Montenegro. All fighting. Italy and Turkey Remain Neutral at Present.

## GREAT BRITAIN DECLARES WAR

LONDON, Aug. 4.—Great Britain declared war on Germany at seven o'clock to-night. The immediate cause of war was Germany's rejection of Britains request that Belgian neutrality should be respected.

A British mine laying ship was sunk by a German fleet. The British torpedo boat destroyer Pathfinder was pursued by the fleet but escaped. These boats discovered the German fleet in the North Sea.

Japan is preparing to guard interests of allies if war gets into the far east. The German fleet is very active around Kiao Chan and has already captured a Russian steamer.

A very strict censorship of all war news is being conducted by all the nations at war and it will be almost impossible to give authentic facts of the war for weeks, to some, months.

## All Europe Ablaze

The big war which has been predicted for the last few generations appears to have come at last, and all Europe is one mass of seething, angry men who are making strenuous preparations to fly at one another's throats, in fact they have already started. Austria and Servia are fighting and Germany has declared war on Russia, who is taking the part of the Servians. Germany has also invaded France although she has not officially declared war on this nation. Great Britain is prepared to back her allies, Russia and France, and is mobilizing her fleet and troops.

All efforts have been put forth by King George to avert the war but it seems to be an impossibility because of England's position in Europe.

The cause of the war is the bad feeling that has existed between Servia and Austria for some years and which culminated in the assassination of the Crown Prince of Austria in June by a Servian. Servia, while an independent nation, is largely composed of Russians and Russia practically controls the Servians. Austria has been trying to get control of Servia for some years but has failed in her purpose consequently the war is the result.

## War Notes

Japan has decided to stay by England. Great Britain has enough food supplies for four months.

All European nations have mobilized their troops and navies.

The large stock exchanges in Europe and the U. S. have closed down.

Price of foodstuffs all over Europe have been raised.

Nearly all large steamship lines have cancelled sailings.

Italy has decided to remain neutral for the present.

Russia was invaded by Germany on August 3rd.

France and Germany are at war although no declaration to that effect has been made.

The Bank of England has raised its interest rate to 10 per cent. The highest since the Crimean war.

The U. S. has amended the Panama Act to permit foreign ships to come under American Registry to avoid threatened blockade of crops.

Germany has broken the neutrality of Belgium which state has called upon England for support.

Canadian government was officially notified of the call today. The call is interpreted as meaning that the British navy will be engaged shortly.

The royal naval reserves are officers and men of the merchant service who have taken a special course of training in the British navy, have received a certificate of competency and have pledged themselves to answer a call to serve in the navy. They are scattered all over the world, there being thousands of them in the port of New York and other American ports.

## \$55,152,000 a Day is Price Powers Must Pay for Big War

Paris, July 31.—The cost of a general war in Europe would be \$19,755,625,000 a year. If such a war comes and lasts five years, the cost, without (Continued on page 6)

## The Royal Naval Reserves Called

Ottawa, Aug. 2.—The royal naval reserves have been called upon by the British admiralty for service. The



## LET US SHOULDER YOUR LUMBER TROUBLES

That's what we're here for. Any time you're in doubt as to what is the best material to use for certain classes of building, you can profit by our long experience.

And rest assured, you can rely upon our advice, too. Our aim is to please you every time you buy here, and we confidently assure you, that grade for grade, and price for price, we can give you perfect satisfaction on any kind of Lumber and Building Material.

Nothing too large nor too small for us to take care of—one piece or a carload.

**GALT COAL** Hard Coal and Bricketts  
Burns All Night always on hand

**ATLAS LUMBER CO. LTD.**  
W. H. STARK, Manager

## REMOVAL NOTICE

We wish to announce to the general public that we have removed our butcher shop from Osler street to Railway Ave., one door south of Garner's bake shop, where we will be pleased to meet our many customers.

Phone Your Orders to Us before 9 o'clock in the Morning

and give us a chance to deliver in good time for dinner

Buyers of Hogs, Cattle, Poultry,  
Hides, Wool, Butter and Eggs

**DIDSBURY MEAT MARKET**  
Phone 116

VAN SWELM & MORTIMER, Props.



## The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day.

**CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS** are responsible—they not only give relief—they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Bileousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price. Genuine must bear Signature

*Wm. Wood*

**CLARK'S POTTED MEATS**—Full flavored and perfectly cooked make delicious sandwiches.

The child's delight. The picnic's choice. Everybody's favorite.

## GOLD WATCH FREE.

A straightforward generous offer from an established firm. We are giving away watches to thousands of people all over the world. As a huge advertisement. Now is your chance to obtain one. Write now, enclosing 25 cents for one of our fashionable Ladies' Long Guards, or Gent's Libels, and carriage paid to wear with the watch, which will be given. Free time watches are guaranteed two years. Should you take advantage of our marvelous offer. We expect you to tell your friends about it and show them the beautiful watch. Don't think this offer too good to be true, but send 25 cents to-day and you will receive a watch. You will be amazed. **WILLIAMS & LLOYD**, Wholesale Jewellers (Dept. 144), 25, Cornwall Road, London, E. England.

**PATENTS**  
Fetherstonhaugh & Co., head office  
King street east, Toronto, Canada.

"You will admit a wise man sometimes changes his mind?"  
"Yes," replied Senator Sorghum.  
"He also changes his wardrobe. But in doing so he avoids popular attention as much as possible."—Washington Star.

## WOMAN SUFFERED TEN YEARS

From Female Ills—Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Belleville, N.S., Canada.—"I doctored for ten years for female troubles and did not get well. I read in the paper about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and decided to try it. I write now to tell you that I am cured. You can publish my letter as a testimonial."  
—Mrs. SUVRINE BABINE, Belleville, Nova Scotia, Canada.

**Another Woman Recovers.**  
Auburn, N. Y.—"I suffered from nervousness for ten years, and had such organic pains that sometimes I would lie in bed four days at a time, could not eat or sleep and did not want anyone to talk to me or bother me at all. Sometimes I would suffer for seven hours at a time. Different doctors did the best they could for me until four months ago I began giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial and now I am in good health."  
—Mrs. WILLIAM H. GILL, No. 15 Pleasant Street, Auburn, New York.

The above are only two of the thousands of grateful letters which are constantly being received by the Pinkham Medicine Company of Lynn, Mass., which show clearly what great things Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound does for those who suffer from woman's ills.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

W. N. U. 1010

## How She Knew

"I do think," exclaimed Mrs. Tolker indignantly, "that Mrs. Gadabout is the most aggravatingly inquisitive woman, if I must say so, I ever knew. Why, I never pass her on the street but what she invariably turns her head and stares back at me to see what I've got on and how it sits from behind."

"How—er—that is, I was wondering my dear, how you found out that the mean thing looked back. Some one tell you?" inquired Mr. Tolker innocently.

And Mrs. Tolker straightaway turned the stream of her indignation, seething hot, from Mrs. Gadabout to her "insinuating wretch of a husband," as she fondly termed him, and after the first pyrotechnic outburst refused to speak to the fortunate man for the rest of the evening.—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

## The Price of Peace

She appeared to be somewhat excited when he came home that night, and he naturally asked the cause.

"The man in the top flat has fallen in love with our cook," she said.

"What of it?" he asked.

"He's been trying to get her to run away and marry him."

"Do you mean the man who practices on the cornet every night?"

She said she did, and he made a dive for his pocket.

"Tell the cook," he exclaimed excitedly, "that I'm a poor man, but I'll give \$50 if she'll do it."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

## Energy and Work

"What becomes of the energy of motion of a street car when suddenly stopped?"

Law—mass multiplied by velocity equals momentum. The mass of the car in pounds or tons multiplied by its specific speed in feet per second gives a product named foot pounds or foot tons. This momentum is expended at the instant of collision or impact in delivering a blow, as in the case of a cannon ball. If the body receiving the impact is movable part of the momentum will appear in it as motion. If immovable the car will be smashed or move backward. And the molecules of the matter at point of impact will be increased in temperature and also be moved somewhat. This requires energy, and work has been accomplished from instant of collision until rest obtains. The answer is the energy of momentum is transformed into work.—Edgar Lucien Larkin in New York American.

## Business and Poetry

Not every one can successfully combine banking and literature, as did Lord Avebury. William St. MacLeod attempted to when a clerk in the London office of the Bank of Melbourne, with the result that the manager quickly gave him choice of accepting an agency in an out of the way place in Australia or quitting the service. Sharp took French leave for a day in order to think the matter over and went into the country to hear the cuckoo. Next day the manager demanded angrily why he had been absent from his post. Sharp explained. "We can't do with one who puts the call of a cuckoo before his business," said the chief coldly, and Sharp left the bank.—London Chronicle.

## Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

### Spider Charms

Spiders, like worms and snakes, were formerly used as charms to cure disease. The spider was worn in a nut which was suspended around the neck. When the spider died the disease, it was affirmed, died with it, according to the claims made.

### Talked a Lot

"I never say all that I think," she remarked.  
"Then," he replied, being unwilling to miss the chance, "you must think an awful lot."—Puck.

### Not Qualified to Judge

She was an excellent tennis player and could paddle a canoe most gracefully, but this was her first attendance at a horse show.

"Are you a good judge of horse-flesh?" inquired one of her friends.

"Oh, I should say not. I never tasted any," she said.

### Then There Was Trouble

Young Wife—Today is the anniversary of our wedding. I shall have one of the chickens killed in honor of the occasion.

Her Husband—Oh, leave it alone. It wasn't the chicken's fault.

The chicken wasn't killed and the dinner was a failure.

**Wretched From Asthma.**—Strength of body and vigor of mind are inevitably impaired by the visitations of asthma. Who can live under the cloud of recurring attacks and keep body and mind at their full efficiency? Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy dissipates the cloud by removing the cause. It does relieve. It does restore the sufferer to normal body trim and mental happiness.

### Then and Now

"Before I married my wife I could listen to her voice for hours and hours."

"And now?"

"Now I have to"—Houston Post.

### Conflicting Emotions

Ethel—Jack tried to kiss me

Marie—How impudent!

Ethel—But he was interrupted.

Marie—How annoying.—Boston Transcript.

## Presence of Mind

Colonel Cody ("Buffalo Bill") once told the following story of one of his comrades of the plains known as Wild Bill:

"A man who nursed a grudge against Wild Bill swore to kill him. He stood concealed in a doorway, stepped out and confronted Bill as the latter passed and leveled a pistol at his head."

"I've got you now, Wild Bill," he said, "and I'm going to kill you, but I'll give you one minute to pray!"

"Well," said Bill with an easy smile, "it does look like the jig's up!"

"Suddenly Bill peered over the man's shoulder and waved a deprecatory hand."

"Don't hit him, Andy!" he said.

"The man wheeled to protect himself from the supposed enemy in his rear. He gazed into empty space. There was no Andy nor any one else behind him, and before he could turn round again Wild Bill had killed him."

## The Original Cure For Corns

No substitute has ever been devised that gives quick painless results you get from Putnam's Painless Corn and Wart Extractor. Its success is unequalled. It soothes, eases, heals and painlessly removes callous, bunions, warts and corns in twenty-four hours. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed with 25c bottle Putnam's Painless Corn and Wart Extractor.

## No Change

The prince of Monaco, who, having had both an English and an American wife, knows whereof he speaks, said of marriage:

"Through marriage a Frenchwoman gains her liberty, an Englishwoman loses hers and an American woman continues to do as she likes."

**'Tis a Marvelous Thing.**—When the cures effected by Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil are considered, the speedy and permanent relief it has brought to the suffering wherever it has been used, it must be regarded as a marvelous thing that so potent a medicine should result from the six ingredients which enter into its composition. A trial will convince the most skeptical of its healing virtues.

## Stung

My pet embarrassment was when I learned that the girl I went around with a little, but did not love, was engaged. To give her the impression that I was wasting her time I went over and proposed. My embarrassment can be easily imagined when she accepted me.—Chicago Tribune.

## Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

### The Wild Boar

The wild boar is a most courageous animal. The element of luck counts for a great deal in pig sticking, as in most other forms of sport, and is often happens that the foremost sportsman who by dint of hard riding or thanks to the fastest horse has come up with the quarry is deprived of the coveted honor of "first spear" by a sudden "jink" or turn of the pig. The boar, in spite of his clumsy appearance, is not only possessed of a great turn of speed, but is extraordinarily active. He will turn and twist like a hare, putting every obstacle in the shape of bushes, rocks, water, etc., between himself and his pursuers, but all the time making for the nearest patch of jungle and safety. The pace after a pig is faster than the best of runs with hounds, but is sooner over.

"Say, sis, do the flower fairies ride on the horse chestnuts?"  
"Yes, dearies, and they use larkspurs."—Baltimore American.

## HIT THE SPOT

Knocked Out Tea and Coffee Ails

There's a good deal of satisfaction and comfort in hitting upon the right thing to rid one of the varied and constant ailments caused by tea and coffee drinking.

"Ever since I can remember," writes one woman, "my father has been a lover of his coffee, but the continued use of it so affected his stomach that he could scarcely eat at times."

"Mother had coffee-headache and dizziness, and if I drank coffee for breakfast I would taste it all day and usually go to bed with a headache." (Tea is just as injurious as coffee, because both contain the drug, caffeine.)

"One day father brought home a pkg. of Postum recommended by our grocer. Mother gave it according to directions on the box and it just 'hit the spot.' It has a dark, seal-brown color, changing to golden brown when cream is added, and a snappy taste similar to mild, high-grade coffee, and we found that its continued use speedily put an end to all our coffee ills."

"That was at least ten years ago and Postum has, from that day to this, been a standing order of father's grocery bill."

"When I married, my husband was a great coffee drinker, although he admitted that it hurt him. When I mentioned Postum he said he did not like the taste of it. I told him I could make it taste all right. He smiled and said, try it. The result was a success, he won't have anything but Postum." Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Postum now comes in two forms: Regular Postum—must be well boiled. 15c and 25c packages. Instant Postum—in a soluble powder. Made in the cup with hot water—no boiling. 30c and 50c tins.

The cost per cup of both kinds is about the same.

"There's a Reason" for Postum. —sold by Grocers.

# Remember

whenever you are troubled with minor ailments of the digestive organs, that these may soon develop into more serious sickness. Your future safety, as well as your present comfort may depend on the quickness with which you seek a corrective remedy.

By common consent of the legion who have tried them, Beecham's Pills are the most reliable of all family medicines. This standard family remedy tones the stomach, stimulates the sluggish liver, regulates inactive bowels.

Improved digestion, sounder sleep, better looks, brighter spirits and greater vitality come after the system has been cleared and the blood purified by

# Beecham's Pills

Worth a Guinea a Box

Prepared only by Thomas Beecham, St. Helena, Lancashire, England. Sold everywhere in Canada and U. S. America. In boxes, 25 cents.

# TETLEY'S Makes Better Tea and More of It



What about your wife and children? Will they dress well after you are gone? Will your children be educated? Have a talk to-day with an agent of **THE EXCELSIOR LIFE INSURANCE CO.** OFFICES:—Winnipeg, Edmonton, Saskatoon, Vancouver. Agents Wanted.

**No Need of a Tow**  
if you grease your wheels with **Mica Axle Grease**  
It lightens the load and saves wear and tear.  
"There's Mica in it, that's why."  
**THE IMPERIAL OIL CO., Limited**  
Winnipeg Vancouver Toronto Montreal St. John Halifax

## ICED COCOA!



**JUST try it, ICED. You can imagine it will be delicious—cooling—refreshing.**

**Cowan's Cocoa is a perfect food—easily digested—and absolutely pure.**

10c TINS—1/4 LB.—1/2 LB.—AND 1 POUND TINS.

AT ALL GROCERS

**COWAN'S PERFECTION COCOA**



230

## Remembered Him

"Did your uncle remember you when he came to make his will?"  
"Yes. He remembered me so well that he left my name out altogether."—Buffalo Express.

## Phenomenal

"Papa," said Willie, "what is phenomenal?"  
"It is phenomenal, my son," explained Mr. Wiseacre, "when a lawyer is content with a nominal fee."—Truth.

Riches serve a wise man, but command a fool.—German Proverb

## Weight of Snow

A cubic foot of newly fallen snow weighs five and one-half pounds and has twelve times the bulk of an equal weight of water.

## Try Murine Eye Remedy

If you have Red, Weak, Watery Eyes or Granulated Eyelids. Don't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain. Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c., 50c. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes 25c., 50c. Eye Book Free by Mail.

An Eye Book Card 5c. All Eye and Head Care **MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., Chicago.**



## WILL MAKE A BID FOR CANADIAN TRADE

A MADE IN BRITAIN TRAIN WILL BE RUN OVER ALL CANADIAN RAILWAY LINES

Old Country Manufacturers Will inaugurate a "Buy British Goods" Campaign in Canada—An Extensive Advertising Scheme Will be Carried Out.

The manufacturers of the old country are in the near future to make a bid for a larger share in the rapidly increasing import trade of Canada, and with this end in view a carefully organized campaign of far-reaching possibilities is being inaugurated by the Canadian chamber of commerce in the empire's capital.

The chief visible sign of the campaign will be an exhibition train to run over all the thousands of miles of the Canadian railways, for a year at first, and afterwards for as many years as British traders find it useful and profitable. It will exhibit examples of the best of British goods suitable for Canadian use, made by representative British firms.

It was at first proposed to hire the train from one of the Canadian railways, but it has been decided that, to carry out the "Made in Britain" idea to the fullest extent, the train itself and the locomotive shall be built in the United Kingdom, the finest the country can produce, and taken across the Atlantic with the other exhibits.

The organizer of the scheme, Mr. L. J. Belne, secretary of the Canadian chamber of commerce, talking of the campaign, said:

"As a preliminary to the train tour, we promise to send out special commissioners to investigate conditions, especially on the transport question, with particular reference to the possibilities of the Panama canal in regard to trade between this country and Western Canada.

"Our idea in running this train is that since less than a quarter of Canada's import trade comes from this country there is immense scope for an expansion of trade there, if British manufacturers know what is wanted in Canada, and Canadians know what they can get here, and when they can get it. We do not want to displace Canadian-made goods, but foreign manufacturers, and our motto is: 'Whether made in Canada or in the United Kingdom—Buy British goods.'

"There will be at least six exhibition cars on the train, 70 feet long by 10 feet high and 10 feet wide, and each will cost \$20,000 a year to run, so that exhibitors will have to pay roughly \$300 a foot for sections of the car. Each car will be divided in different ways, according to the article exhibited. Part of it may be divided by a central gangway, with platforms or show cases of equal width, on either side, for which \$150 a foot would be paid. Another section could be divided by a side gangway, with only a wall show case for small shop-window goods on one side.

"Our idea is for large manufacturing towns to take a whole car each, to be named after the town, bear its coat of arms, and be filled with examples or models of its manufactures.

"In Canadian towns the railway station is the centre of activity of the town, and we shall do our best that every man, woman and child within reach of a railway station in the Dominion shall see the 'Made in Britain' train.

### TELEGRAPHING PHOTOS

Demonstrator Declared That Photographs Will Soon be Wired From New York to London

Recently a demonstration was given of the telegraph, an electrical invention which reproduces a photograph at a distance as easily as an item of news. Various portraits over a distance of six hundred miles were transmitted. The demonstrator declared that recent experiments showed that before long pictures would be flashed between New York and London. Further developments will be the transmission of photos by wireless. A demonstration of this process is promised within the next two months.

### Killed Four Lions in Very Few Minutes

The South African mail brings a story of how Mrs. Delaporte, wife of an official of the Delagoa Railroad, bagged four lions in a few minutes. In her husband's absence, she received word that lions had killed an antelope a few miles away. Accompanied by two natives, Mrs. Delaporte found six lions devouring their prey. She killed two before they realized their danger, a third while it was escaping and the fourth, which attempted to charge, she stopped with a bullet in the eye at a distance of eight yards.

The other two got away, because her ammunition was exhausted.

Radium Will Project Man to the Moon According to M. Charles Nordman, of the Paris observatory, man may yet travel to the moon inside a projectile, although hardly in so violent a manner as would result from an experiment upon the lines detailed by Jules Verne.

Radium, says M. Nordman, will afford the motive power, which must be 400 times more intense than nitroglycerine. And an appliance to slow down the projectile when it reaches the moon will be necessary.

### A STUPENDOUS TASK

Taking the Census of India's Huge Population

The task of taking a census of India must be stupendous considering that vast country numbers over 300,000,000 persons, scattered over an area of 1,807,000 square miles.

A staff of two million persons was employed for the purpose, and the census was taken in one night in March, at a cost of only \$675,000.

The difficulties were especially great owing to the long lines of railway, the big rivers on which boats travel sometimes for days without coming to the bank, the forests to which woodcutters resort, often for weeks at a time, and the numerous sacred places, which, on pilgrimages, attract many thousands of pilgrims.

People had to be enumerated wherever they were caught. In the case of railways, for instance, all persons travelling by rail who took tickets after 7 p.m. on the night of the census were enumerated either on the platform or in the trains. The latter were all stopped at 6 a.m. on the following morning, in order to include any travellers who up till then had escaped notice.

In spite of this, and owing to the vast work done preliminarily, the results for the whole of India were received complete nine days later, and were issued in print the next day. This rapidity, as the official report mentions with justifiable pride, "is not approached even in the smallest European state."

The summary tables show that the total population of India (including the native states) on the night the census was taken was 315,156,396 (as against 294,361,05 ten years previously), of whom 217,586,892 were Hindus, 66,647,299 were Moslems, 10,721,453 were Buddhists, and 3,876,203 were Christians. The literates numbered only 18,539,578 persons, and agriculture claimed the labor of 224,695,909 persons, as against 35,323,041 persons engaged in industry.

Canadian census officials have apparently some lessons to learn from India.

### WHERE CORNER LOTS ARE HIGH

Most Valuable Land in the World to be Sold

A large area in the city of London reputed to be worth anything from \$1.20 a square inch will soon be sold by auction. By the "city" here is meant that square mile east of the law courts and the lots to be sold include portions of Cannon street, Queen Victoria street, Upper Thames street, Bread street, Idol lane and St. Mary-at-Hill, with a total annual rental of \$11,185.

The sale will indicate reliably the trend of values in the centre of London. Of late years the rate of increase in the city proper has declined, while in the West End it has risen rapidly.

Land beyond the Strand in Westminster is being more and more eagerly sought after as sites for business premises, the flight of business from the city to the west having been a most striking development. Nevertheless plots in the city retain the distinction of being among the dearest in the world.

For property near the centre of the city \$16,250,000 an acre is not an unusual price, and some time ago \$5,000,000 was refused for the site of the church in Austin Friars.

The three acres on which the Bank of England stands have a marketable value of \$35,000,000 at a low estimate, while land adjoining the bank has realized \$350 and \$400 a square foot freehold, and in King William street \$200 and \$250 a foot. The total value of the city's square mile may be placed at about \$1,250,000,000.

### Empress Had to Die in Ancient Tokio

The Japanese are very tenacious in their adherence to rule, not even death being allowed to break their law.

On this account the late dowager Empress had to meet her death. In the official sense, in a different town, from that which she had passed away actually.

She had died in her palace in the country. But the Japanese hold that a member of the imperial family can die nowhere except in Tokio. Therefore the dead empress, theoretically still alive, journeyed from her country place to the palace in Tokio with all the ceremonial that attended her movements when living.

Troops lined the streets and presented arms as she passed. Only the great crowds in the streets, standing in silence instead of loudly cheering, betrayed the fact that the imperial carriage contained a dead woman.

### Strains of Gramophone Over Wireless

The strains of a gramophone playing the Merry Widow Waltz and God Save the King were heard lately by wireless on the Nelson steamship Highland Scot during a voyage to Buenos Ayres by the third officer of the boat passing Vigo at the time. It was afterwards found that the ship from which the wireless came was a private yacht 200 miles away. Signor Marconi, commenting on the report, said: "They were probably experimenting with a gramophone and wireless telephone transmitter aboard a private yacht. Tunes are transmitted and caught up in this way. I never heard of it being done over such a long distance, but it is quite possible. Gramophone tunes have been sent by wireless telephone from a Marconi house to my house at Fawley, near Southampton."

## WILL SURVEY AND CHART THE OCEAN

THE STACKHOUSE ANTARCTIC EXPLORATION HAS TAKEN A NEW TURN

Will Start Next Summer on Work of Surveying, Charting and Sounding the Ocean on a Scale Not Approached Since 1872.

J. Foster Stackhouse's expedition originally intended for Antarctic exploration has developed into a scheme for surveying, sounding and charting the ocean on a scale which, it is asserted, has not been approached since the famous Challenger expedition of 1872-76.

Mr. Stackhouse, explaining his plans, said: "We shall start next December and the voyage will last six or seven years. The route will be, London to Iceland, thence across the Atlantic to Nova Scotia, taking soundings on the way upon the site of the Titanic disaster. From Halifax the vessel will proceed to the Azores and then down the 'backbone' of the Atlantic to the Brazilian island of Trinidad, examining all portions of the ocean where no soundings have hitherto been made. Then we will go to Rio de Janeiro, to the southeast of which there is a great sand bank on the trade route and then around Cape Horn, where only half dozen soundings have been made."

"Then we shall go to Montevideo and Buenos Ayres examining other banks on the way. From there we go to Cape Town, via Tristan Da Cunha and from the Cape we start the Antarctic part of the expedition, making a westerly point reached by Sir D. Mawson's expedition. Then we go to the Sandwich Islands.

"The task of sounding the Pacific ocean will become one of the utmost importance with the opening of the Panama canal to the shipping of the world."

"Then we go back to Cape Town and thence to Mauritius examining the banks of the south coast of South Africa from Mauritius to Zanzibar and from Zanzibar to the Seychelles islands on the north of which there are great banks on the route to India. We then go to Bombay, and thence to Singapore, Hong Kong, China and Japan."

"The members of our expedition will number twelve scientists, with six officers and eighteen or nineteen sailors. All have signed on for seven years. To carry out all our plans we require a further sum of \$125,000. So far we have received no government grant."

### UNIQUE FEATURES AT BALL

Given in Aid of the Blind, Fancy Charges Were Made

There were many novel features about the invited Cinderella Ball for the blind, which was held in the Savoy hotel in London, recently. The tickets cost \$25 each. But as the attendance was limited to 1,200, \$50 was readily paid for a single ticket. The price, however, was not the most striking feature of this wonderful ball which owed its origin and success to C. Arthur Pearson, whose campaign for the National Institute for the Blind has been so consistently successful. Some exceptional features were that the ball started at midnight and ended long after breakfast, which was served at 3 a.m. There were no tangles and no maxims.

Two dances were especially composed for the ball, one a waltz, the other a routine, but the distribution of valuable presents by lottery, a lucky bag and other exciting items provided the greatest novelty. The lottery prizes included a \$3,000 automobile, some costly gowns and hats, dressing cases, cabinets of cigars, clothes for men and silver plates and from the lucky bag, weird prizes galore, such as tickets for aeroplane flights, tickets for dinners at famous restaurants and tickets for summer holidays.

The costumes worn were more amazing than ever. Perhaps the most startling was that worn by Mrs. Cosmo Hamilton—a sleeveless flowered creation with unattached cuffs and fourfold trouserettes in the Chinese manner.

### Turns Loose Litter Worth \$50,000

While hunting in the woods in Hants county, N.S., a Rawden farmer recently found a fox den under an old log barn in which he found six fox pups, four blacks and two patches. The Rawden man took the litter home and made household pets of them until they became quite tame and lapped milk like kittens. A neighbor who happened to see the pups informed their owner that it was against the law to keep them in captivity, and the Rawden man being afraid of violating the law and the consequent results at once turned the foxes loose. They were valued by experts to be worth at least \$50,000.

### Relic of Napoleon's Army

English soldiers, whilst carrying out building excavations at Alexandria, have just found two skeletons and some fragments which have been proved to belong to French soldiers who died on Napoleon's expedition to Egypt. These remains have been handed over by the English military authorities to the French consul, and they will in due course be transported to Cairo, where they will be laid with fitting ceremony in the sarcophagus wherein repose the bodies of those of their companies that have already been discovered.

### PRISONERS PLANT FORESTS

Australian Convicts Reforest 500 Acres of Waste Land of the State

According to a recent report of the forestry department of New South Wales, good conduct convicts at the state prison, instead of breaking stone, are now engaged in the more useful and healthful work of replanting with trees the waste lands of the state. At one prison alone 25,000 trees, mostly American ash and pines were planted in 1913, and so successful have these plantations been that this work will be considerably extended in the present year.

A similar idea has been worked out successfully by the city of San Diego in California, which possesses 7,000 acres of bare rolling sand land at a distance of ten miles from the city. A trained forester was engaged to make this land profit-yielding and under his direction the city's unemployed have been given work planting this area with trees suitable to the nature of the country. Other cities in the United States that have found it necessary to purchase and reforest large areas on the watersheds governing their water supply have advantageously used the same kind of labor. The primary purpose of such reforestation is not, however, to furnish work to the unemployed, but to develop a profitable source of revenue from land which would otherwise remain unproductive.

City forests of this kind are not, as yet, in vogue in this country. Perhaps the only city forest in Canada is that at Guelph, Ont., where a small area has been planted surrounding the springs which furnish the city's water supply. In many of the counties of Eastern Canada, however, are large areas of waste land, originally forested, and capable only of producing forage. Ontario has a Counties Reforestation Act making possible the acquisition of such waste land for reforestation purposes by municipal councils, but up to the present time only one county has availed itself of this opportunity. Quebec and the Dominion government have also passed legislation to encourage tree planting, and the Dominion forestry branch in the last fiscal year distributed nearly 4,000,000 trees from the nurseries at Indian Head for woodlot planting in Western Canada.

The growing of forest trees on waste land can in most cases be made a profitable undertaking, besides providing labor to a considerable number of men, yet no extensive reforestation has as yet been done in Eastern Canada.

### TAMED HERDS OF WILD SHEEP

Rancher Succeeds in Taming Herd of Mountain Sheep

The success which Mr. J. M. Thomas, a cattle rancher of Okanagan Falls, B.C., has had in training wild mountain sheep to come down from their fastnesses and feed in his fields, has been attested to by a remarkable photograph sent in to the provincial game warden. The photograph shows a small herd of mountain sheep with their heads eating clover hay which had been thrown out as food for the ranch horses. The snap-shot was taken at a distance of 35 yards and shows several horses in the picture as well as the mountain sheep.

Mr. Thomas who before going to Okanagan Falls some years ago, was an officer at the New Westminster penitentiary, has for several years made a hobby of caring for wild life in the vicinity of his ranch. When a close season was declared for the mountain sheep in the Okanagan, he in winter weather would put out some food for any occasional mountain sheep he saw in the hills. In the course of three or four years the sheep have gained confidence until last year and this they have ventured to come down to the ranch.

At the time the photograph was taken, Mr. Thomas says that there were eighteen ewes and yearlings browsing with ten lambs, the latter as friskily and playful as could be. Mr. Thomas is of the opinion that it is far better sport to nurture the animals or to go "gunning" them with a camera, than to exterminate them with a rifle.

### CLAIMS TO HAVE SOLVED SECRET

Company Will Develop Invention—Vessel Weighing Thirteen Tons to Fly Safely

It is announced that the Armstrong-Whitworth Company has decided to develop the invention of a working miner named Glendenning, who believes he has solved the secret of safe navigation of the air. Glendenning has spent years in studying aeronautics as a member of the Balloon Society of Great Britain and declares that an aircraft built from his designs, although weighing more than thirteen tons, will sail around the world without danger of calamity and will remain aloft five days without requiring a renewal of supplies.

### Gas Burners for Hudson Bay

The marine department is sending the government steamer Minto to Hudson Bay, to place automatic gas burners in the bay and straits as aids to navigation. The steamers Bonaventure, Bellaventure, Durley, Chena, Charon and Sieba will sail from Halifax during the summer, carrying supplies for the extension terminal works in progress at Port Nelson.

Manager Dodson of the Canadian Alkali Company, which is building an immense plant at Windsor, Ont., stated that enough salt to last the company 250 years has been struck in four wells which have been bored. Half a million dollars is to be spent on the factory.

## FOR THE CONTROL OF WIRELESS MESSAGES

ALL WIRELESS OPERATORS MUST NOW HAVE A LICENSE FROM NAVAL DEPARTMENT

Regulations Have Been Issued Governing Operation of All Radio-Telegraph Equipment in the Dominion—Amateurs Have Caused Serious Inconvenience.

Elaborate regulations have been issued by the naval department governing the issuing of licenses and the control of operation of all radio-telegraph equipments in Canada, whether in the hands of amateurs or for commercial purposes, either on land or in Canadian registered vessels. The regulations are based on the uniform rules drawn up two years ago by the International Radio-Telegraph convention. They apply not only to the "professional" wireless operator, but also to the hundreds of amateur operators throughout Canada, whose indiscriminate sending out of wave-lengths would if uncontrolled lead to serious interference with the work of governmental or commercial stations.

Hereafter every wireless operator must have a license from the naval service department, and must comply with all the conditions of such license, on penalty of a fine not exceeding fifty dollars or three months' imprisonment. For a limited coast station license the annual charge is \$10; for a public commercial license, \$50; for a private commercial license, \$10; for an experimental license, \$5, and for an amateur license, \$1.

Provision is made in each license for the character of the wave-lengths to be used and the range allowed. All amateur operators are required when operating to listen for the signal "Stop," which will indicate that they are interfering with commercial business. If that signal is heard the operator must stop until it is cancelled by a duly authorized government station. A distinctive call for each station is allotted with the license, and no station must be worked by anyone not holding at least an amateur experimental certificate of proficiency secured from the naval service department.

For oceangoing vessels, it is provided that there must be an emergency source of power for operating instantly available, and hours are specified during which the operators must be constantly "on watch."

### DUMPED IN UNITED STATES

Goods Made in English Jails Are Shipped to America

Harry Hawes, of St. Louis, appeared before the senate committee of manufactures in support of a bill to prohibit the importation of convict and pauper-made goods. He said he represents the boot and shoe manufacturers of St. Louis.

Hawes told the committee that the convicts in the United States were producing \$34,000,000 worth of goods a year, and that abroad it was estimated that convicts produced \$500,000,000 worth.

The convicts in this country were paid on an average 50 to 75 cents a day, and in foreign countries from 5 to 25 cents a day.

In English prisons the men were not paid anything, and under the law, contractors for prison-made goods were not allowed to sell prison-made goods in England. The goods are dumped in the United States, he declared, in competition with American labor.

### BIRTH RATE IS STILL FALLING

Figures for 1913 Approach the Low Record of 1911

In France 5,221 fewer babies were born in 1913 than in 1912, according to official figures made public recently. This is the lowest birth rate ever recorded in the country except in 1911, the number of births for every 10,000 inhabitants in 1913 being only 188.

Births exceeded deaths in 1913 by 41,901, or an average of ten births in excess of deaths for every 10,000 inhabitants. This compares with an excess of births over deaths in Germany of 127 for every 10,000; in Austria of 107; in Italy of 140, and Hungary of 130.

### NEW GRAIN ROUTE

Rockies to Winnipeg, via Saskatchewan River, Being Surveyed

A new means of transporting western grain and coal is planned in the survey of the Saskatchewan river, which is to be completed this fall by engineers of the public works department. They have been engaged in the work for three years, and the idea is to have a five-foot waterway from the Rockies to Winnipeg. This will be sufficient for barge traffic.

The cost is roughly estimated at fifteen million dollars, and the principal items are a series of locks along the river. The total cost would be reduced by valuable waterpower to be developed along the route.

### Women Detectives to Deal With 'Suffs.'

Women detectives are now employed on special occasions at the house of commons. One or two of them are employed by Scotland Yard to sit in the ladies' gallery when there are big debates, to deal immediately with any suffragette intruder. They are so fashionably attired as to be quite indistinguishable.



## All Europe at War

(Continued from page 1)

indemnity claims, would reach the amazing total of \$98,778,125,000.

These figures are based on the cost of a general war involving only Germany, England, France, Russia, Italy, Austria, Serbia and Roumania. The following figures show the daily cost of a war involving the eight powers named:

Provisioning of troops...	\$12,000,000
Feed for horses.....	12,500,000
Pay for soldiers and sailors.....	4,250,000
Wages (arsenals and harbors).....	1,000,000
Mobilization.....	2,000,000
Transportation, arms and foodstuffs.....	4,000,000
Ammunition.....	6,625,000
Fitting out army.....	4,000,000
Ambulance Service.....	500,000
Movement of ships.....	500,000
Requisitions, property damage, etc.....	2,000,000
Support for population without means.....	6,750,000
Deficit in taxes.....	10,000,000
Total daily cost.....	\$55,152,000

## Canada's Part in the Great Catastrophe

Ottawa, July 31.—The imminence of war and the fact that Canadian troops are certain to be despatched if Great Britain becomes involved, has brought home the prime minister, Sir Robert Borden, from his sojourn in Muskoka.

## MESSAGES EXCHANGED

"There has been a constant exchange of messages between the war offices in London and the militia authorities at Ottawa.

"As a result of the communications, plans for the mobilization of a contingent of 20,000 are being perfected.

"The effect of the European war on Canada, particularly as to the cost of living was strikingly demonstrated today when importers were called upon to pay a greatly increased rate of exchange on European and Asiatic importations.

The Duke of Connaught and party who have been making a farewell trip through the west and was visiting at Banff for a few days left by special train on August 1st for Ottawa. It was reported that the Governor-General will leave immediately for England to take part in the war Councils but this is officially denied and it is likely he will stay in Ottawa to give his assistance to Canada which would be of great benefit because of his large military knowledge.

## An Emergency Meeting

An emergency meeting of the Canadian parliament has been called for August 18th at Ottawa to ratify steps already taken for Canadian support to England and other matters in this regard.

It is proposed that Canada should buy three war vessels being built for other nations in England and which are for sale.

Col. S. Hughes, minister of militia and defence reports everything ready for mobilization as soon as the word is given that England is at war with Germany.

The Canadian Atlantic coast is threatened by German cruisers off New York harbor.

The Dominion government will allow the Banks to pay in Dominion notes and not gold and will also allow them to issue excess note circulation

to the amount of 15 per cent. of their combined paid up capital and reserves.

Canada is prepared to equip an army of 60,000 men if required. Tremendous offers of men wishing to volunteer to help the mother country are being received from all over the country at Ottawa.

## Neapolis Notes

(Received too late for last week's issue)

Raf Johnson is enjoying a visit from his brother and family of Columbus Junction, Iowa.

Mrs. Phil Ward served a Sunday lunch to the people of Havelock, Iowa, at which the guest of honor was Miss Mattie Smith, late of that trim little city, but now a working member of the firm of Sheppard & Co., Lovarna, Sask.

H. E. Pearson returned from his prospecting trip, smelling rankly of crude products.

We met the eighth wonder of the world last week, a man who is absolutely satisfied where he lives—and he lives in Alberta too—said he would not live any other place if he could, and was quite put out when we suggested he put the could first. He declared he had his land priced at one hundred dollars per acre and it would not be sold for less. We tried to tell him it would be too bad to pass such a burden along down to his great-grand children, but there was a pretty girl across the room showing some mosquito bites and his attention wandered terribly.

We were obliged to waste some of our valuable time Wednesday, listening to a promoter from B.C. who, according to himself, raised chickens at the rate of fifteen to the dozen, and he asked to sell us the know-how. After we've been skinned by the local agents, we really have no patience left for the foreign element.

We hear that Henry was real peeved because we gave that little note of his beautiful picnic. Too bad! We believe he would have been peeved if we had neglected to mention it, honest we do. Said he would like to pelt the head off us and put a cabbage head in its place. Be liable to hurt us wouldn't it Henry? Besides wasting a perfectly good cabbage. Better make it into one of your famous stews and ask us over to dinner Sunday.

Mrs. Perry Barnes is somewhat better but still confined to her bed.

Many of our citizens took in the excursion to Banff. All report a good time, at least all that are able to report at all.

One of our Monday callers dropped some of his papers on our office floor and this little poem was among them. We send it along.

Joseph had a little map,  
'Twas made for him alone;  
With strokes for poles and dots for holes,  
And X for telephone.  
And every voter had a phone  
No matter what his fame,  
'Twas Joe's best bet their votes to get,  
These people poor and plain.  
With stroke of pick and sweat of brow,  
The lines grew clear and clean;  
But one went east and one went west  
And left a gap between.

Why is this thus? the voters cried;  
These voters in the gap.  
Poor Joseph sighed and wept and cried  
"The chairman changed the map."

Now what comes next these voters cried;  
Last year we played the fool!  
And here we find we picked the blind,  
A tool behind a tool.

But now when next we cast our vote,  
We dwellers in the gap,  
Could we get blame to do the same  
To change our little map?

## STOP PRESS

London, Aug. 5th—A naval battle in the North Sea is reported to have occurred in the night.

New York, Aug. 5th—A dispatch received here today says that Germany is about to declare war on Italy.

A English war office advertisement appealing to all unmarried men to join the army immediately says that the Empire is on the brink of the greatest war in the history of the world.



King Nicholas in his fighting garb. The Montenegrin ruler, although 71 years old embarked upon a war with Turkey with the zeal of a young fire-eater.

## THE A' R CRAFT IN WAR

Changes That It Will Necessitate Artillery Battles Between Aeroplanes

Colonel H. S. Massey, vice-chancellor of the Aerial League of the British Empire, in an interview expressed the opinion that in war are two kinds of aeroplanes would be used—the light machine for scouting and the heavier one, carrying a quick-firing gun to drive off the enemy's aircraft.

Colonel Massey did not agree that the aeroplanes had thrown warfare back 1,000 years, when fighting was practically hand-to-hand. He declared: "Certainly not with regard to mounted and mobile troops of all kinds. In the future, have to use ordinary tactics, while, of course, considerable hastening their movements. It is possible that when these mounted troops have prepared the way for the infantry, which will make every effort to come up as quickly as possible behind them, the infantry on both sides will fight at much closer quarters than has hitherto been the case, especially as they will move chiefly by night for a fight early next morning. But I do not think that there is a very much chance of hand-to-hand battles taking place in the future than obtain at present."

Asked if he thought aeroplanes would be used for actual warfare as well as scouting, Colonel Massey replied: "Undoubtedly, as far as combats between reconnoitring air craft are concerned, for it is evident that to obtain the necessary information on the side must sweep the air clear of all opposing machines, or as many as possible of them."

"There will probably be," he said, "several kinds of military aeroplanes just as there are several kinds of naval craft, the light aeroplane for rapid scouting and a heavier machine for helping to clear the air when the lighter machines receive such opposition that they can proceed no further. The larger war planes might eventually carry a pilot and three fighting men. The smaller ones would consist only of a pilot and one observing officer."

## Girl Babies the Stronger

The "weaker sex" is really the stronger sex, according to a communication made to the Academy of Sciences by Prof. Dantan, a French naturalist. He points out that the male is feebler than the female in infancy, and for this reason Nature has ordained that more males shall be born than females. But the proportion at birth dwindles. The female is stronger, and does not succumb as easily as the male. Director Carvalho, of the Polytechnic School, concurs in this theory. He says girl babies are stronger than boy babies.

## A QUEER TANGLE

Little States Formerly Part of Turkish Empire—Russia a Political Factor

Perhaps the most peculiar thing about the trouble in the Balkan Peninsula is that it is caused by the uprising of the group of little states themselves that have hitherto been only pawns in the diplomatic game of the great powers.

That the four little states which have taken it on themselves to defy the Ottoman Empire—Greece, Bulgaria, Serbia and Montenegro—should have formed a coalition as they now have is one of the surprising features of the whole affair. Only a few years ago most of the world had begun to believe that racial and national prejudices which the Turks in Abdul Hamid's day had played upon so effectively would make any approach to an understanding impossible.

Once Belonged to Sultan  
Each of these four states was once part of the great Ottoman Empire. At one time reached almost to the gate of Vienna. Through their own persistent struggles and finally through the intervention of the Powers they obtained their independence and today they demand of Turkey that it shall be blessed with independence to be themselves enjoying shall be extended to those of their own race who yet remain under Ottoman rule.

The Berlin treaty, signed in 1878, at the close of the Russo-Turkish war was the most notable and probably the most carefully worked out of all the attempts to adjust and arrange conflicting claims and interests in the Ottoman Empire. Russia had fought a successful war and was looking for rich rewards. If she really had ambitions for the acquisition of Constantinople, which had been one of the great points of Russian diplomatic policy as laid down by Peter the Great, she did not attempt to urge them. Instead through the treaty of San Stefano, which she had entered with Turkey, she had hoped to establish a great Bulgarian state that would be bound to her by race, religion and political necessities. The Bulgaria was to include most of Macedonia, with a seaport on the Aegean and a boundary that extended almost from Constantinople to Salonica. This would have made Bulgaria by far the most powerful of the Balkan states and would have given Russia the predominating influence.

## Russia's Plan Frustrated

But at the very first sitting of the congress of Berlin, Prince Bismarck suggested that the question of the greatest importance was the "delimitation and the organization of Bulgaria." Thus Russia was compelled to give up her grand designs and the new Bulgaria was restricted to the part of Turkey lying between the Danube and the Balkan Mountains.

The congress also established as independent states Montenegro, Serbia, Bulgaria and Roumania. There still remained unsettled, however, two great questions, the disposition of Crete and of Macedonia. Plan after plan has been formulated and commission after commission has been appointed by the Powers to bring peace and quiet to each of these disturbed lands. Everything has proved ineffectual. Crete has been the great disturbing factor in the internal politics of Greece, and the condition of Macedonia was more recently put forward as a reason for war.

## JAPAN'S WAR LOSS

The Japanese are not fond of giving away information, and the report of the casualties sustained in the war with Russia has been delayed till it can be of no service to their late opponents. The figures were made public only recently. It is now said that the Japanese casualties in four numbers included 40,000 killed and 125,000 wounded, of which 70,000 occurred at Mukden alone and 44,000 at Port Arthur. The infantry lost ten times as many in proportion to the artillery. This may account for the idea now prevalent in the Japanese army that the artillery did not adequately support the infantry and that they should have been ordered closer to the enemy and taken their share of the bullets.

## KUBELIK TOOK NEW NAME

Had to Claim Hungarian Citizenship in Order to Marry

The widely published report that the violinist Kubelik had become a Hungarian and had taken the name of Polgar moved his wife to write that the story "caused considerable feeling in Bohemia."

"The Pest Herald," she says, "which printed the report is waging a relentless campaign against us. My husband and myself are too proud of the name of Kubelik to wish to change it."

"The mistake was due to the fact that the Austrian law compelled my husband to claim Hungarian citizenship in order to obtain permission to marry me, hence the name Polgar, which signifies citizen in the Magyar language, was assigned to him."

## BIG STORES PLUNDERED

A Million Dollars Worth of Goods Taken From Counters in London

Shoplifting is fast becoming a serious problem to the retail merchants of London. It is considered a conservative estimate that the combined operations of professional and amateur shoplifters cost the big stores of the West-end alone an average of \$1,000,000 a year.

"That is the price the merchants of London have to pay for displaying their wares so attractively," said the manager of one large establishment, "but if they didn't display them, how much would they sell? It is a most serious problem, made additionally difficult because every arrest entails publicity, and no reputable establishment likes to have it become known that it is a frequent prey of the shoplifters. It might keep good customers away. We prefer, if possible, to keep the thieves away. This is comparatively easy with the amateur—usually a woman—who is caught committing her first offence. She readily promises never to enter the store again if she can escape the shame of arrest and trial. The great trouble is that these first offenders are always cropping up. I don't know how to account for this fact, unless it is that the swift advance of material civilization has resulted in warping the moral sense of right and wrong in populous centres."

"The plunder of the amateur is nearly always confined to the little luxuries and fineries of dress, such as dainty blouses, laces, ribbons, gloves, handkerchiefs, and silk stockings. It is only the professional who carries away whole bales of silk, jewellery, clocks, ornaments, books, and similar articles. The man or woman who can present to us a system that will effectively check shoplifting can earn a small fortune. So far we have tried every known means of safeguarding our wares, but without success. Every big store employs a large staff of competent and vigilant detectives, but there is something defective in the system—just what, we don't know. Meanwhile it is costing us a lot of money, between the salaries of the detectives and the plunder of the shoplifters."



DAVID LLOYD-GEORGE

Chancellor of the Exchequer and author of the Insurance Act which provides compensation for British workers—men and women—who meet with sickness or accident, free medical attendance, and a maternity benefit for mothers of £7.50 at the birth of every child.

## ANCIENT MSS. FOUND

Papyri Relating to Historical Events in Ptolemy's Days

A number of large rolls of historical papyri were discovered by Mr. Robert de Rustafjel, the manuscript being unearthed by a fellow whilst sinking the foundations of his mud hut, near a temple of the Ptolemies in Egypt.

They are about twelve inches wide, all closely rolled, some of the rolls reaching to four inches in diameter. A fair estimate of the size of the largest would be about fifty feet, which it is considered would constitute a record for a roll of papyrus.

They are well preserved so far as the writing is concerned, but discolored, and, owing to their dry and fragile condition, are handled with the utmost delicacy. It is anticipated that the contents will prove to be of real archaeological value in relation to our present knowledge of Egypt, and possibly of Syria, as recorded in the days of the Ptolemies. A study already made reveals the fact that they relate to interesting historical events.

## Brotherly Love

In willing the residue of his estate to his brother, Mr. R. W. Feebles, solicitor of Dublin, expressed thanks for the undying brotherly love which had existed between them, and regretted that he had not always followed his brother's advice.



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PRESIDENT MANAGER

### Death of Mrs. John Baptist

The death of Mrs. John Baptist, who was well known by a great many of our readers because of her long residence in this district, took place at her residence near Sunnyslope on Friday last. Mrs. Baptist was taken ill on the Monday previous to her death and while everything was done to avert the end if possible the grim reaper was not to be denied and she passed away peacefully as stated.

Mrs. Baptist was born in the year 1875 at Kilross, Bruce Co., Ont. She was married to Mr. John Baptist in 1893 and came to Manitoba with her husband in 1893, living there for six years, afterwards coming to this district where she has lived for the last fifteen years.

Deceased leaves a family of two children, Bert and Lottie, besides her husband and mother and father and one brother and two sisters to mourn her loss. Her mother and father and one sister reside at Kilross and her brother and sisters in Ontario.

Mr. and Mrs. Baptist took a trip to Ontario last winter to see her relatives which was only the second time during her long residence in the west.

The interment took place on Saturday last at the Didsbury cemetery and was very largely attended by friends in the district.

Mrs. Baptist will always be remembered with kindness by her large circle of friends in this district because of her large heartedness and kindly spirit, and the husband and children left will have the sympathy of the whole community in the loss of a good wife and mother.

### Golden Wedding

(Communicated)

On Monday, July 6th., a very happy family party gathered at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Ruth, Salmon Arm, B. C., to celebrate the 50th anniversary of their wedding.

Few are privileged to reach the golden mile stone in the enjoyment of good health and blessed with a family of ten children living, five boys and five girls, with thirty-four grandchildren and one great grandchild.

Mr. Ruth was born in the County of Lincoln, Ontario, on the eleventh of October, 1841, and his wife Mary Ann Clements, in the County of Middlesex, Ontario, on May 21st., of the same year. They were married in Detroit on July 5th., 1864. They lived in Western Ontario till the year 1877 when they moved to Winnipeg, and two years later homesteaded near Carman, Man. Twenty years later they moved to Didsbury, Alberta, where they spent seven years, and then took their present residence at Salmon Arm, B. C.

The children are:—Charles, at Beaumont, Texas; Harry and Fred, at San Antonio Texas; John, at Corning, Cal.; Percy, at Salmon Arm, B.C.; Mrs. C. P. Forge, at Portage La Prairie; Mrs. A. A. Brooke, Mrs. C. H. Brooke and Mrs. G. M. Warren, at Salmon Arm, B. C., and Mrs. P. B. Rose, at Edmonton, Alta. The happy couple were the recipients of many beautiful gifts, that of the children being a purse of gold.

### ESTRAY

On the premises of W. H. Alt, on the Sanderman farm, one red steer with white face, weight about 900 lbs. Branded on right side N E. PA12

## The DIDSBURY PIONEER

Published at Didsbury, Alta.

SUBSCRIPTION: One Dollar per year in advance. All arrears of six months or more will be at the rate of \$1.50 per year. To U. S. \$1.50 per year. Advertising rates quoted on application. H. E. OSMOND, Proprietor.

AT last the long looked for big war has commenced and it is beyond the knowledge of men as to what the end will be, but one thing is certain it cannot help but cause world-wide suffering and sorrow and it is our duty to do all in our power to help bring peace and unity amongst all peoples. We are somewhat favored because of our isolation from the scene of bloodshed, but in other ways we will feel indirectly the great catastrophe that is taking place in Europe because of the sure increase in the price of foodstuffs and the loss of foreign money which has been coming to Canada for so many years, for development purposes. All differences of politics and creed should be dropped and every effort made to show a united front for the common cause—The Empire.

IT may be true, as the London Standard says, that Britain is under no treaty obligation to support Russia in the event of war. But Britain's participation in the struggle would not depend upon treaty obligations. If Britain did not join Russia and France now, Russia and France might not be on hand some time when Britain will need their help. As the Times puts it, Britain could not—with ordinary regard for her own safety—fail to stand with her friends, nor will she fail to do so.—Edmonton Bulletin.

### Tax Rate Struck

The Council held a long session on Monday night in the Council Chambers, the biggest item of business and the most serious being the striking of the tax rate for the current year which kept the Council busy until midnight.

Mayor Atkins, Councillors Sinclair, Reed, Osmond, Chambers, Moyle, Clerk St. Clair and Solicitor Austin present, Councillor Stark absent.

A few communications were read but there was nothing of importance in them.

Bills amounting to \$122.25, O'K'd and found correct were ordered paid.

The estimates for the year were then taken up and discussed, and after paring down here and there the amount that has to be raised is about \$16,250 of which amount \$7,200 is for school purposes. Very little work has been done in town this summer and the Council has tried to keep down expenses, but the large outlay caused by the fire last winter and the lowered assessment through different causes with the loss of revenue from hotel licenses has made it imperative that the tax rate should be raised to meet the required expenditures.

The following rate was struck: General rate 36 mills; School rate in town 25 mills; School rate, outside town in school district 8 mills (this rate is set by the provincial government and throws the burden on the town school tax payer); Debenture rate 9 mills. Total for town ratepayers 70 mills, outside school ratepayers 8 mills.

The deceased meat question came up and the Council left the matter in the hands of Chairman Osmond of the Sanitation Committee and the Medical Officer of Health, Dr. A. J. Weart, to draw up a bylaw for the purpose of controlling this business.

The Council then adjourned.

### Railway Commissioners Decision in Crossing

The following is the Board of Railway Commissioners decision in regard to the railway crossing in Mountain View Municipality No. 310.

IT IS ORDERED that the Canadian Pacific Railway Company be, and it is hereby, authorized to construct a highway crossing over its railway, between Section 24, Township 31, Range 2, West of the Fifth Meridian, and Section 19, Township 31, Range 1, West of the Fifth

Meridian, in the Province of Alberta, as shown on the said plan on file with the Board under file No. 21068 and in accordance with the Standard Regulations of the Board Affecting Highway Crossings, as amended May 4th, 1910; and that, after such crossing is constructed, the Railway Company may close that portion of the road allowance between Sections 24 and 25, Township 31, Range 2, West of the Fifth Meridian, within the limits of its right of way; the cost of constructing and maintaining the said crossing to be borne and paid by the Applicant; and the work to be completed by the 31st day of August, 1914.

### Do You Need Harvest Help

Prospects for a good grain crop in this district are excellent this year, especially west of town. Although the straw will be shorter than usual the grain has headed out fine and with a little more rain the yield per acre should be fully up to the record this year.

P. P. Dick reports putting his binder to cutting barley on Monday. This is twenty days earlier than former years.

The publicity department of the Department of Agriculture will transport harvest labor from the south of the Province to where they are needed at a reduced rate, and the farmers who need such help should notify this office (The Didsbury Pioneer) at once so that the required number of men can be secured.

### The King's Message to Canada

Ottawa, Aug. 4.—The Duke of Connaught received the following message from Rt. Hon. Louis Harecourt, colonial secretary, late this afternoon:

"Please communicate to your ministers the following message from His Majesty the King: 'I desire to express to my people of the overseas dominions with what appreciation and pride I have received the messages from their respective governments during the last few days. These generous assurances of their fullest support recalled to me the generous self-sacrificing help given by them in the past to the mother country. I shall be strengthened in the discharge of the great responsibilities which rest upon me by the confident belief that in this time of trial my empire will stand united, calm, resolute, trusting in God.—George.'"

**Chamberlain's Cough Remedy**  
Cures Croup, Whooping Cough.

### RURAL MUNICIPALITY OF WESTERDALE No. 311 Assessment Roll of 1914

Notice is hereby given that the Assessment Roll of the Rural Municipality of Westerdale No. 311 for the year 1914 has been prepared and is now open to inspection at the office of the Secretary-Treasurer of the municipality from ten o'clock in the forenoon to four o'clock in the afternoon on every day which is not a public holiday except Saturday (and on that day from ten o'clock in the morning to twelve o'clock noon) and that any Ratepayer who desires to object to the assessment of himself or of any other person must within twenty days after the date of this notice lodge his complaint in writing at my office.

Dated this 30th Day of June 1914.  
A. McNAUGHTON,  
Assessor

### Send for Information

**LARGE** tract of good valley farming land just thrown open for free settlement in Oregon. Over 200,000 acres in all. Good climate, rich soil, and does not require irrigation to raise finest crops of grain, fruit and garden truck. For large map, full instructions and information, and a plat of several sections of exceptionally good claims, send \$3.40 to John Keefe, Oregon City, Oregon. Three years a U. S. surveyor and timberman. An opportunity to get a good fertile free homestead near town and market.



**King Hiram Lodge No. 21, A.F. & A.M.**  
Meets every Tuesday evening on or before full moon. All visiting brethren welcome.  
P. R. REED, JOHN NIXON,  
Secretary. W. M.



**DIDSBURY LODGE NO. 18, I.O.O.F.**  
Meets in Fraternity Hall, Didsbury, every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock sharp. Visiting Oddfellows always welcome.  
J. SINCLAIR, N. G. S. R. WOOD, Sec.

**W. A. Austin**  
Barrister, Solicitor and Notary Public

Special Attention paid to collections—Office: Over Union Bank of Canada Block.

Didsbury . . . Alberta

**Dr. A. J. Weart, M.D., C.M.**  
Physician, Surgeon

Graduate Toronto University. Office and residence one block west of Union Bank.

Didsbury . . . Alberta

**Drs. Ross & Norby**  
Dentists

Located just around the corner from the Imperial Restaurant, on Hammond Street.

Didsbury . . . Alberta



### SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS.

THE sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at the office of any Local Agent of Dominion Lands (not sub-agent), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required in every case, except when residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price \$3 per acre. Duties—Six months residence in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the time required to earn homestead patent) and 50 acres extra cultivation. The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land after report by Homestead Inspector on application for patent.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.

W. W. CORY,  
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.  
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.  
—37085.



# The Talisman

By L. T. Meade

Ward, Lock & Co., Limited  
London, Melbourne and Toronto

(Continued)

"Pore—Barbara!" she said. She made a little pause before she uttered Barbara's Christian name, for she was supplying the "Miss" under her breath. "Pore gel!" she continued. "Why Barbara, ef you come along with me, you'll have, when all's said and done, two shillin' more. You can stay your week yere now you ha' paid for it. You can enjoy yer comforts for a week, any'ow—but then?"

"How much do you pay in Chesney street?" asked Barbara, who felt herself getting more practical and more like a London working girl each moment.

"I git my room for four-and-six pence. Wot I were thinkin' were this: that you an' me could share a bedroom, like—mind you, now, I puttin' on no hairs; I waitin' on you jest as I used to do at the Rectory. I'd love that—I would. I'd tend you, cook it yer bits of food, and keepin' the place clean; and—Barbara, we might go 'alves as far as expenses went. There's a room in the very 'ouse where I am now that we might get for five-and-sixpence a week. It's a big room—a size larger nor this o' yours, and there are two little beds in it, and a grate that'll 'old a good fire. We could be as snug as snugg can be, if I could only get you into my tea shop."

"Your tea shop?" exclaimed Barbara. "Oh, I've heard of London tea shops—A.B.C. shops, they are called."

Kate threw up her hands. "Bless yer 'eart!" she exclaimed. "I'm not in one o' them. But I'm in a good one, all the same, and they pay—that's the main thing."

"I should like to be with you," said poor little, ignorant Barbara, "and ten shillings a week is a lot of money. Is there a chance for me?"

"I dunno; I 'cipes so; let me think. I know one of the gels is leaving in a day or two, but there's always a heap wantin' to come when they 'ears of a vacant place. I think, with what I know, I could get yer the place ef I was to try. You'd have to spend a little money on your clothes, though, but we would buy them second-hand, and they wouldn't cost but a few shillings. I tell you what, Miss Barbara, 'ow would it do for you and me to go right round to my place in the mornin', and me to see Chris for you, and offer you as a gel I knew in the country. They like country gels—I've heard Chris say that."

"Who is Chris?" asked Barbara, in a bewildered way.

"Miss Maldran is her name. She is our superintendent, and under her is Helen Clough. Chris gets great store by Helen. Oh! talk of sharpness! she's the sharpest gel I ever see. It was Helen as found out about Rose-pore Rose! She was the giddy sort, but that pretty, the men noticed her. They'd notice you, too, Barbara, ef I wasn't there to keep 'em off."

"They won't ever notice me," said Barbara, the indignant color rushing into her face.

"Hall right," said Kate; "but you

## PURIFY YOUR COMPLEXION



## CUTICURA SOAP

And Cuticura Ointment. Their use tends to prevent pore clogging, pimples, blackheads, redness, roughness and other unwholesome conditions of the skin.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold throughout the world. A liberal sample of each, with 25-page booklet on the care and treatment of the skin and scalp, sent post-free. Address: **Pottor Drug & Chem. Corp., Dept. 145, Boston, U. S. A.**

W. N. U. 1010

## NO ALUM MAGIC READ LABEL BAKING POWDER

don't know hantink yet; you have a w'y with you. You must just take no notice at all, but just try to please everybody, and never keep the gentlemen waiting; it don't matter about the lilies."

Poor Barbara's heart sank very low indeed. The bare idea of any man speaking to her who had not been properly introduced was an agony she had not for a moment foreseen. Kate watched her face attentively.

"Although you be so pretty, you're wery quiet and genteel looking," she remarked; "there's nothing of a fast sort about you. Remember, we are all alike in our shop—you must bear that in mind—there's no hups and downs. We tries 'ard to keep out of the w'y of Ferris; but for Ferris we'd have a good time—but there! we can't help him, for it's he what pays the piper. There's Miss Scudamore, she's at the desk and takes the money. It's Miss Scudamore and Chris and Helen that, so to speak, runs the place. Then Mary Tripp, she comes and goes; I think she's a niece of Ferris, but I'm not sure. Well, ef you gets the place, it's Chris you've to mind, and after Chris, Helen."

"Do you call them Chris and Helen to their faces?" asked Barbara.

"I might as well quit the next minute, they're mighty particular. It's Miss Malran, and Miss Clough, and Miss Scudamore, and Miss Tripp. My special friend is Hannah. I like her, although she 'ave her faults. She spends too much money on 'ats, do Hannah—feathers and flowers, flowers and feathers. She starves her poor body to trim her 'at—but there! she will, and I can't help you. Well, then, Barbara, now I think I've told you heverything. Will you 'come along with me, and shall us ask at the place in the mornin'? But, oh! there's one thing. Ferris, old scoundrel! that he be, won't take you on, nor will Chris, without a reference. You can get 'eaps in your own 'ome, but you you don't want 'em to know where you be. From what you tell me, you're sort o' dropped out of yerself, you're burled yer true self, so where be your references, Barbara?"

"Let me think," said Barbara. She remained very quiet for several minutes. After a time she looked up.

"Kate," she said, "I have thought of something. I have a very hard fight before me—the hardest fight, I think, that any girl ever had, but I mean to succeed. I have gone under in one sense, in another I shall never go under. I know a lady. I am so glad the memory of her has flashed back into my mind, and I think she will speak for me, and I will go and see her tomorrow morning. When you go to your shop, will you talk to Miss Maldran, and may I come to you in the afternoon, and if Miss Maldran is willing, may I see her? And will you, please, Kate, tell me where your shop is?"

Kate rose. "I call that plucky," was her answer. "You do your part, and I'll do mine. I'll tell Chris tomorrow that I've got 'old of a jewel."

"Kate Jessop!" said a voice at that moment outside the door; the voice sounded very angry.

"Coming, ma'am, coming," said Kate. She took one of Barbara's hands. "The shop where I serve is at the far end of Chesney street. The number is sixty five, and there's writ over the door 'Ferris and Co., Restaurant Keepers.' You'll be there at two o'clock tomorrow sharp!"

"Kate Jessop, come this minute!" called the same indignant voice.

"Coming, ma'am, coming. Heaven bless you, my darling Miss Barbara."

### CHAPTER VI.

Tired as she was, poor little Barbara slept badly that night. It is true that her bed was clean, but the coarseness of the sheets, the small dimensions of the room, the noises which the other lodgers made as they came up to bed, all helped to disturb her. She felt like a walt, tossed on the waves of a most troublesome world. She knew herself to be poor, defenceless, innocent she knew that there were dangers of all sorts surrounding her, and yet she must go through the task she had set herself, for there was no other way to save the reputation of the beloved dead. The life of a London shop-girl did not present itself brightly to Barbara; nevertheless, she was as keenly anxious to become such a girl and to earn ten shillings a week as many another in her position would have been to receive a salary of one hundred per annum. But even for the miserable post which Kate offered her the poor child must secure a reference. She, proud little Barbara, the queen of her lovely home, the adored of Ralph Osborne, the dearest friend of Margot Fenwick, she could not get the horrible post she was seeking without a reference. She must not apply to her friends at home, and she must not apply to her solicitors in London; if they found her they might not carry out her father's wishes with regard to the money, but if she was lost they could not help themselves; therefore, Barbara Chance must be lost.

She rose early, dressed, washed as best she could in a little drop of ice-cold water, made her own bed, tidied her room, dusted it, tried to make it look as respectable as its poor appearance would permit, and ran down stairs. Little Barbara did not guess that in the midst of that vast, dingy, smoky, dirty world of London, she

carried with her a talisman. No one, be it man or woman, old or young, could have helped being kind to Barbara. Was it the sweet expression in her eyes? Was it the gentle tone of her voice? Was it the goodness that shone out of her face, which secured her this universal goodwill? Be the cause what it might, certain it was that the goodwill was there, and that each person who looked at the little girl felt the better for that glance in to so sweet a face.

When Barbara entered the hall, the first person she saw was Mrs. Russell.

"Ah, honey!" said the good woman. "I ha' been thinking of you! You'll come 'long down with me to the kitchen this blessed minute. You ain't too proud honey, to have a little bit o' breakfast along o' me and my boy, be yer now, love?"

"I shall be delighted," replied Barbara.

"Now, I thought you'd say that. I said to myself last night: 'She's a lily, every bit of her.' A real lily ain't proud. You're right, too, love, to wish for yer breakfast in the kitchen, for there's no other place where it can be so 'ot. Come 'long, dear. The bacon's done to a turn, and you shall 'ave porridge, if you wish it, and cream with it, for that matter."

"You are kind to me, Mrs. Russell," said Barbara. "But please, I must spend very little money on my breakfast."

"Hoots!" said Mrs. Russell. "who talks about money? This is my invite. We'll say nothing on that score—that is, unless you want to hurt me, missus, more than you ha' done already."

(To be Continued)

### Didn't Wait for "Thank You"

John Bull, the scene painter, tells a story of an occasion when he delivered some scenery for an entertainment in a lunatic asylum. He was watching his men getting the stuff in when it began to rain. A big man with a pleasant smile appeared and offered to help. They got on famously. Mr. Bull and his volunteer were just setting down the last load when an attendant arrived, caught the big man a tremendous blow on the side of the head and sent him sprawling on his back. Mr. Bull was speechless with indignation at this attack, but the victim got up, smiling more than ever, and walked away. "You can thank your stars I've been watching you," the attendant explained. "I suppose when you had the last lot in you'd have said 'Thank you; I'm much obliged.' Well, that's this fellow's trouble, sir. The moment you say 'Thank you' to 'im 'e'll wring your neck."—London Standard.

Peevish, pale, restless and sickly children owe their condition to worms. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will relieve them and restore health.

### An Inducement

Wife—I wish, Harry, dear you'd get me a nice clock for my room.

Hub—But I am really very short and can't afford.

Wife (interrupting)—If you will, I'll set it back two hours the evening you go to the club.—Boston Transcript.

### Bank of England Salaries

To enter the service of the Bank of England a candidate must be nominated by a director, be of good moral character, pass a qualifying (not competitive) examination and be between eighteen and twenty-two years old. The first year his salary is \$500, and then it rises at the rate of \$50 a year. At the end of the fifth year he proceeds to the fourth class or else leaves the service of the bank. According to figures furnished by one of the bank's officials, the average pay at the end of ten years is \$1,060. At fifteen years it is \$1,300, twenty years \$1,545, thirty years \$1,945; after that the senior clerks pass to \$2,150. The staff and special posts, numbering about 100, are won by meritorious service. The highest salary is paid the chief cashier and is \$15,000. The chief accountant draws \$12,500, and there are several appointments ranging from \$7,500 to \$3,500. Agents of branches receive up to \$12,000. There is a pension system to which the clerk does not contribute, but for which he is qualified after ten years' service.—Moody's Magazine.

### Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portions of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remediation. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a humming sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and the tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Eustachian Cure. Send for circular, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

### Japan's Dummy Editors

There is a peculiar person on the staff of some of the Japanese newspapers, known as the "dummy editor," whose sole duty it is to go to jail in the interests of the journal. Whenever a paper publishes something unfriendly to the government it is suppressed and the "dummy editor" sent to prison, while the real editor simply changes the name of the paper and continues to publish it as before.

### The Word Improve

Improve at first meant to rebuke, to condemn or disapprove. In the French it means precisely the opposite of the English word. Milton uses it in the sense of increase. Only in the course of ages did it take on the present signification of bettering.



## "Knack"

"Knack" is not needed to make good coffee every time. Follow the directions in each sealed tin of Red Rose Coffee; and in six minutes the small crushed grains give you the full strength and brisk flavor of this choice coffee. There is no dust, so Red Rose Coffee requires no "settling." No chaff, so no bitter taste. You will surely like



## Red Rose Coffee

### Three Birthdays a Year

There is apparently plenty of fun for the child in Sweden in the matter of birthdays, but the parent can hardly be expected to feel the same, for the children there do not confine themselves to one birthday, but they must have three. Of course the first one is the real birthday, and the other two are those whose names the Swedish boy or girl bears. For every day in the year of the Swedish calendar has its own separate name, besides the weekly names which other nations have. Sometimes if the parent gives the child a second name or a first one that cannot be found in the calendar, the child loses out on one birthday. And considerable protest must follow, too, when the child becomes old enough to realize what he is missing. In the German calendar every day has a name also, but the observance of these days is not at all common in the latter country.

### English Harvest Feasts

The feasts that now take place at the close of the harvest season in England are small affairs compared with the old fashioned harvest suppers held formerly. In some of the northern counties the farmers would give chums of cream, and it was served out in cups of the laborers. Nowadays a glass of ale or cider is the substitute for the old time feast. In some parts of the north of Ireland the ancient custom still lingers as "the churn supper." A very old custom is the baking of a large cake by the farmer's wife. This is cut up and served out to every one, including children, accompanying the "horkey cart" into the farmyard. The "horkey cart" was the cart on which the last load of the season was drawn to the farm.—London Answers.

### Distinctive Dress in England

At Counts' bank the clerical assistants must all wear frock coats, and no one in the employment of the bank is allowed to go about with his trousers turned up. At Hoare's bank it is the custom of all those employed to wear white ties. Members of the legal profession observe the etiquette of their calling by abstaining from the wearing of light or fancy colored clothes and always wear silk hats. The headless of some Presbyterian churches in England wear dress suits instead of the Anglican cassock. Some brewers' workmen and draymen wear scarlet knitted wool nightcaps. In fact, nearly every trade and profession has its own conventions and unwritten laws concerning the dress of its members.—London Globe.

### Eyes of the Starfish

At the end of each arm in the common starfish there is a little red eye. It is sheltered at the base of the terminal tube foot, which has become altogether sensory. The eye or eye cushion shows little cups, each closed by a lens, lined by red, rodlike sensory cells, clothed externally by supporting cells and containing a transparent watery substance. Hellmuth Plesner made a number of experiments at Heligoland in order to discover how much a starfish sees with these "eyes" or eye spots. The answer is, not very much. It does not form an image nor does it perceive a moving object. But it has considerable sensitiveness in distinguishing different degrees of light and shade. Even the skin of the starfish is responsive to differences of illumination in the immediate vicinity, but by means of its "eyes" the starfish becomes aware of distant illumination that differs, either positively or negatively, from that of the immediately surrounding area.—New York World.

### Canned Music in Scotia

Early in the last century an old Forfarshire lady installed in the bedroom corridor of her castle an automatic organ. It was her delight of a morning to wake her guests with its strains. But it was not the delight of one of them, Miss Sophia Johnstone of Hilton, to be so awakened, and she said so.

"Ye dinna like the music? Ye shouldna say that, Sophy," said the hostess. "Ye'll no' win to heaven an' ye dinna take pleasure in music. It's to be all music there, ye know."

"Deed," said the incorrigible one, "an' if heaven's a place w' auld wives playin' on hand organs at 6 o'clock in the mornin', it's no the place I tak' it for, nor yet the place I want to be in."

—New Witness.

### In Place of the Watchdog

They manage somehow to get along on shipboard without a watchdog, but they have two dog watches.—Somerville Journal.

**Sleep and Laughter**  
People who sleep well quickly recover from an ailment, and for this reason, years ago, sleep was pronounced as one of nature's cures for all diseases. Experiments go to prove that a person who accustoms himself or herself to a full and regular sleep is not so liable to an attack of disease as the person who forgoes his proper rest. Moreover, when attacked by any ailment, a good sleeper recovers the quicker.

"Laugh and live" is a time honored saying, and a famous doctor once recommended one of his patients to try a course of funny stories. The patient, who was suffering from a nervous breakdown through overwork, obeyed the doctor's instructions, and the effect of hearty laughter soon brought him around. The menu recommended was one funny story at each meal with two extra for dinner.

Corns and warts disappear when treated with Hoiway's Corn Cure without leaving a scar.

### Sicilian Carts

Of all the vehicles in the world there is none to equal the Sicilian cart, carved, yellow, paneled with lurid paintings that run the gamut of myth and history. One w/saw had upon its panels scenes that represented Columbus sailing from Palos and discovering America, a bloody fight around the citadel of Acre, the hermitage of Santa Rosalia, and on its tailboard a vivid picture of the massacre of the Vespers. The carts are never very large, as carts go, but they are so marvelously wrought that they ought surely to come under the provisions of the law that forbids the exportation of any works of art. Wheels, shafts, axles, the edges of sides and posts and tailboards are all worked into neat geometrical designs, and on the axle is a carving built up clear to the bottom of the cart, a mass of intricate scrollwork and gingerbread, in the middle of which sits the patron saint of the fortunate owner.—Vistas in Sicily.

### Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Gents—I cured a valuable hunting dog of mange with MINARD'S LINIMENT after several veterinaries had treated him without doing him any permanent good.

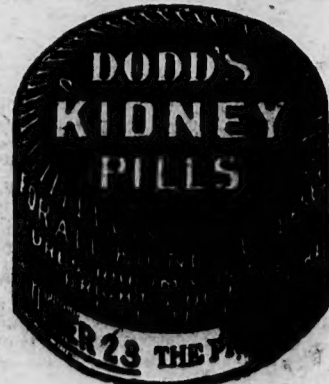
Yours, &amp;c.,

WILFRID GAGNE,  
Prop. of Grand Central Hotel, Drummondville, Aug. 3, '04.

### Official Bread

This is the way to make official bread, given out by the chief cook of the department of agriculture:  
"For three pound loaves—make ferment of one ounce cake compressed yeast, one ounce granulated sugar, half ounce salt and twenty ounces water. Place in a warm temperature for 24 hours. Weigh four and one-half pounds flour and let it warm. Mix flour and ferment together. Cover mixture and warm for twenty minutes. If dough is too stiff add lukewarm water. After twenty minutes mix, take up dough with hands slightly greased and fold over and over fourteen times. Cover, set aside for twenty minutes; then fold nine times. After twenty minutes more mold into loaves and bake forty minutes in a steady oven 400 to 410 degrees F. A cup of water in the oven will make a tenderer crust."

"Does like always produce like?"  
"Of course."  
"Then why is poor health produced by rich blood?"—Baltimore American.









# Dates Changed---Didsbury Fair, August 27 and 28, '14

## MEN'S READY MADE CLOTHING SALE

WILL STILL CONTINUE

I always aim to stock the best goods money can buy.

You will always get the best at Studer's.

I am still at the old stand on Shantz Street

# A. G. STUDER

PIONEER MERCHANT

### AROUND THE TOWN

Mrs. S. R. Wood and daughter, with the children, are camping at Didsbury.

Are you preparing for Didsbury Fair on August 27th and 28th? Your entries should be made early with Parker Reed the Secretary-Treasurer of the Agricultural Society.

Did you get a prize list of the Didsbury Fair yet? If not apply to Parker Reed, Didsbury, he will give you one.

The W.C.T.U. will hold another interesting meeting at the home of Mrs. H. Reiber on Tuesday, August 11th. The subjects will be "The W.C.T.U. as an Educator", and "The Necessity of Child Study." Every woman is cordially invited to attend this meeting.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Geddes of Calgary are spending a few days holidays with Mr. and Mrs. M. Bricker in town.

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Liesemer returned from their trip to Ontario on Sunday last.

The Women's Institute will meet at the home of Mrs. Dave Irwin on Thursday, August 13th, at 2 o'clock. A paper will be read by Mrs. Denney, on the subject of "A Sensible Wife as told by a Man." Talks will be given by Mrs. Shantz on "How to prepare for threshers." All the ladies are cordially invited to attend.

The W.C.T.U. will have a tent on the fair grounds during the Didsbury Fair on August 27th and 28th. They will serve lunch and ice cream.

Mack Ryckman and Mrs. Ryckman and family were out on a fishing expedition to the Fallen Timber last week and returned with an excellent catch. They report a splendid time.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Macdonald, nee Miss M. Hossent, of Red Deer, and Mr. and Mrs. H. Lowie

nee Miss L. Newsom, of Calgary, were visiting with Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Newsom last week. Mr. and Mrs. Macdonald left for Toronto, Ont., on Monday's noon train.

Dr. and Mrs. A. J. Weart and family and Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Osmond and family spent a very enjoyable week camping and fishing at the Fallen Timber creek last week. Fish were exceedingly plentiful in the creek and the weather was ideal for camping.

Mr. Walter Scheidt lost a valuable horse at the Fallen Timber creek last week when he, with a party of young folks, was on a fishing expedition. The horse was all right a short time before they went to hitch up to drive away from the fishing hole but it was found dead when they returned. There was absolutely nothing to show what had killed the horse.

Mr. Jacob Wiegand and Miss Wiegand of Berlin, Ont. are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Wiegand and Mr. and Mrs. S. Wiegand and other friends in the district. This is the third trip to the west for Mr. Jacob Wiegand.

Hughie Sinclair of Alsask has been spending a few days in town on business.

The Misses Eva Sexsmith and Mary Osmond are attending the summer school for Sunday school teachers and church workers at Mount Royal College, Calgary. They were sent as delegates from the Union Sunday School.

Mr. Cornford, who lives in the Fallen Timber district, brought us in fine samples of oats, barley and timothy this week. This district is certainly proving itself capable of producing good crops this year.

### Card of Thanks

We wish to take this method of thanking our friends and neighbors for their kind sympathy and help in the recent loss of our little son.

MR. AND MRS. GEO. THALER

### Successful Candidates

#### GRADE X

Mrs. Eulank; Chas. Vindlay; Goldwin Liesemer; Wayne Mowers; John Robertson; Geo. Sexsmith; Roswell Shantz; Mary Snyder; Ruby Weber; Ralph Wilson.

Following will be allowed to proceed to Grade XI with or without extra subjects as indicated: Lorenza Mjolsness, Grade X arithmetic and mensuration.

#### GRADE XI

Chauncey Carver; Hazel Crow; Herbert Liesemer; Mary Ruby; Marcelle Moon; Nora Moore; Lulu Shantz; Huldah Wiegand.

### Bad Forest Fire

A bad forest fire has been raging in the government park in the Ghost river district for some days. Every effort is being made to overcome the fire, large gangs of men from Cochrane and Calgary being sent out last week to the scene of the conflagration, but by the appearance of the immense amount of smoke that has been passing in the air over Didsbury for some days the fire still appears to be master. Luckily there is very little settlement in the district reached by the fire but the loss in valuable timber will be great.

### NOTICE

Alf Smith having taken over the management of Tom Stark's new pool, tobacco and candy hall which is the best between Calgary and Edmonton, hopes by strict attention to business, combined with cleanliness and treating the public in a fair way, to still share a good support of their patronage.

### SUCCESS

Calcutt Business College of Calgary trains for success. It is affiliated with the Oregon Business College at Vancouver, B.C. and the University of British Columbia. It is the only business school in the West that offers a complete course in bookkeeping, stenography, typewriting, and shorthand. It also offers a course in English and mathematics. For more information, apply to the principal, Mr. C. Calcutt, or to the nearest branch office.

### EDUCATION PAYS

## THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

INCORPORATED 1869

Capital Paid Up \$11,560,000  
Reserves \$75,000

**SAVINGS DEPARTMENT** Accounts may be opened with an initial deposit of One Dollar. Interest is credited half yearly.

**JOINT ACCOUNTS** An account in the names of two members of a family will be found convenient. Either person (or the survivor) may operate the account.

## MEATS! MEATS! MEATS!

A full supply of

### FRESH and CURED MEATS

ALWAYS ON HAND

We pay highest market prices for Hides and Poultry  
All orders delivered promptly. Terms Cash or Produce

**A. CEASER**

Located in Jones Bros. Store.

## Dysentery

This is a dangerous disease, but can be cured. There is a remedy that never fails. It has been used in nine epidemics of dysentery with perfect success. It is called **Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy**. It is equally valuable for children and when reduced with water and sweetened, is pleasant to take. 35 cents.

### BUSINESS LOCALS

#### 5C A LINE IN ADVANCE IN THIS COLUMN

WE carry the largest and best selected stock of pipes and cigars in Didsbury. Alf. Smith.

**NOTICE!** Positively no campers allowed at or near the camps or timber holding of J. T. JOHANNESON & SONS, Bergen, Alta.

**FOR HAIL INSURANCE**—See J. E. Liesemer, agent for Farmers Mutual Hail Insurance Association of Iowa. Inc.

**FOR SALE**—Purebred smooth Fox Terriers:—Very handsome dog, 8 months, noted (Bristol England) strain, and very intelligent. Beautifully even-marked lemon head; pure white body; nicely docked; very smart and cobby. Absolutely clean in house. Price 10.00. Also 3 doz. puppies, beauties—all white bod-

ies, black and tan markings on heads. Ready after August 11th. Price \$5.00 each. Constantine, Carstairs, Alta. A12

**FOR SALE CHEAP**—Team of horses, mare and gelding, weight about 1250. Apply to D. C. Davidson, Manager Royal Bank.

**SEVERAL** bushels of good seed rye for sale. Apply Dan Klinck, phone R1207.

**LOTS OF GOOD PASTURE** for milk cows, and will take a few of same on terms which will be supplied upon application to Pioneer office. A12

### The Farmers Harness Store

Will exchange some Harness and Harness Sundries for Cattle or Hogs. For particulars write or phone E. B. Shantz, Carstairs.